2019 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet

orm 50-859

School Districts

School District's Name

Latexo ISD

School District's Address, City, State, ZIP Code

Phone (area code and number)

School District's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the effective tax rate and rollback tax rate for the taxing unit,

This sample worksheet is for school districts only. Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) should use Comptroller Form 50-858 Sample Water District Rollback Tax Rate Worksheet. All other taxing units should use Comptroller Form 50-856 Sample Tax Rate Calculation, Taxing Units Other Than School Districts.

The Comptroller's office provides this sample worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

SECTION 1: Effective Tax Rate (No New Taxes)

The effective tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the effective tax rate should decrease.

	Effective Tox Return Astrolity	Amount/Rate	Amount/Rate
1.	2018 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2018 taxable value on the 2018 tax roll today, include any adjustments since	200 CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF	
	last year's certification; exclude one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. This total includes the taxable		
	value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2).		4
ļ			\$ 156,276,600
	2018 tax cellings and Chapter 313 limitations.		
2.	A. Enter 2018 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the		
<u> </u>	homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled.1	\$ 21,966,820	
2.	B. Enter 2018 total taxable value of applicable Chapter 313 limitations when calculating effective maintenance and		
	operations (M&O) taxes. Enter zero when calculating effective		
	debt service taxes. (Use these numbers on the advice of your legal counsel.)2	\$ -	
2.	C. Add A and B.		
	·		\$ 21,966,820
3.	Preliminary 2018 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.		21,700,020
			\$ 134,309,780
4.	2018 total adopted tax rate (School districts with an applicable Chapter 313 limitation agreement will do a two step process		137,307,760
	using the adopted M&O rate and debt rate separately).		
			1,20400
	2018 taxable value tost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2018 appraised value.	***************************************	1120400
5.	A. Original 2018 ARB values:	¢	
5.	B. 2018 values resulting from final court decisions:	Φ -	
	=	ф	
5	C. 2018 value loss. Subtract B from A.	J -	
٥.			
6	2018 taxable value, adjusted for court-ordered reductions.		-
٥.	Add Line 3 and Line 5C.		
			d 124 400 700
7.	2018 taxable value of property in territory the school deannexed after Jan. 1, 2018. Enter the 2018 value of property in		\$ 134,309,780
	deannexed territory.		
			.
Tey T	ax Code § 26,012(14)		D -

¹ Tex. Tax Code § 26,012(14) 2 Tex. Tax Code § 26,012(6)

For additional copies, visit: comptroller.texas.gov/taxes/property-tax

50-859 • 07-19/3

Form developed by: Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts, Property Tax Assistance Division

2019	Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet = School Districts	Form 50-859	
al to the	Effective Tax Rate Activity	Amount/flate .	Amount/Rate
1	2018 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2019. Note that lowering the amount or		
	percentage of an existing exemption does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value. If the school district increased	1	
	an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport or goods-in-transit exemptions.		
8	A Aboute evalue lost due to treeport or goods-in-transit exemptions,		
-	A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2018 market value:	\$ 5,030	
	B. Partial exemptions. 2019 exemption amount or 2019 percentage exemption times 2018 value:		
	· · · · · ·	\$ 123,830	
8.	C. Value loss, Add A and B.	143,030	
			\$ 128,860
1	2018 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal,		
	recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2019. Use only properties that qualified in 2019		
9.	for the first time: do not use properties that qualified in 2018		
1	A. 2018 market value: B. 2019 productivity or special appraised value:	\$ 36,080	
9.	B. 2019 productivity or special appraised value:		
-		\$ 830	
9.	C. Value loss. Subtract B from A.		
40			\$ 35,250
10.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 7, 8C and 9C.		
			\$ 164,110
11.	2018 adjusted taxable value, Subtract Line 10 from Line 6.		
			\$ 134,145,670
12.	Adjusted 2018 taxes. Multiply Line 4 by Line 11 and divide by \$100.	***************************************	157,175,070
1			\$ 1.615,113.87
13.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2018. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the district for tax years		\$ 1,615,113.87
	preceding tax year 2018, Types of refunds include court decisions, corrections and navment errors. Do not include refunds for		
	tax year 2018. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2018.		
			\$ 33.06
14.	Adjusted 2018 taxes with refunds. Add Lines 12 and 13.	······································	\$ 33.06
			f 16161460a
15.	Total 2019 taxable value on the 2019 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values and includes		\$ 1,615,146.93
	the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in line 17). These homesteads include homeowners age 65		
	or older or disabled.		
	A. Certified values only:3	\$ 180,852,787	
15.	B. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax	φ 10U,032,767	***************
	year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage		
	system property:	\$ -	
15.	C. Total value, Subtract B from A	9	
			ф 100 0 50 505
	Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll.		\$ 180,852,787
16.	A. 2019 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest.		
	The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer		
	wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values.		
	Enter the total value.		
16	B. 2019 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives school	\$ -	
10.	districts a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about, but are not included in the appraisal roll		
	certification. These properties are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief		
	appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the		
	market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as		
	appropriate).	e l	
	C. Total value under protest or not certified. Add A and B.	\$ -	
	and protest of not between Aud A and D.		
<u> </u>	ax Code § 26.012(6)		\$ -
3 16X, 1	ax Code 9 x0.v1x[q]	i	

2019]	ax Rate Calculation Worksheet — School Districts	SECTION AND A	Form 50-859	4500 CT	e vije se prakt peraster.
Ung.	Effective Tax Bate Acquity	Antonione			Reference (a)
17.	2019 tax ceilings and Chapter 313 limitations. A. Enter 2019 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the				
	homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled.4	\$	26,893,917		
17.	B. Enter 2019 total taxable value of applicable Chapter 313 limitations when calculating effective M&O taxes. Enter	<u> </u>			
	zero when calculating effective debt service taxes, (Use these numbers on the advice of your legal counsel.)s	\$			
17.	C. Add A and B.	1.3	-		
18.	2019 total taxable value. Add Lines 15C and 16C. Subtract Line 17C.	<u> </u>		\$	26,893,917
				\$	153,958,870
19.	Total 2019 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2018. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2019 value of property in territory annexed by the school district.		**************************************		
	Enter the 2019 value of property in territory annexed by the school district.				
20.	Total 2019 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means	 	***************************************	\$	-
	the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2018. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value				
	can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the school district after Jan. 1, 2018, and be located in a new improvement.				
- 04	Telal all the section of the OAAA to the Color of the Col			\$	2,229,840
21.	Total adjustments to the 2019 taxable value. Add lines 19 and 20.			\$	2 220 640
22.	2019 adjusted taxable value. Subtract line 21 from line 18.	 		-	2,229,840
				\$	151,729,030
23.	2019 effective tax rate. Divide line 14 by line 22 and multiply by \$100.				
24.	2019 effective tax rate for ISDs with Chapter 313 Limitations. Add together the effective tax rates for M&O and debt			<u> </u>	1.064494
	service for those school districts that participate in an applicable Chapter 313 limitations agreement.				
CE CTI	ON 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate				0.000000

Most school districts calculate a voter-approval tax rate that is split into two separate rates:

- 1. Maintenance and Operations (M&O): The M&O rate is the portion of the tax rate that raises taxes for any lawful purpose other than debt service for which a taxing unit may spend property tax revenue. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.

 2. Debt: The debt tax rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the school district's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and
- other debt secured by property tax revenue.

In most cases the voter-approval tax rate exceeds the effective tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a school district's debt service will cause the effective tax rate to be higher than the voter-approval tax rate.

25.	Voter Approved Tax Bate Activity. 2019 voter-approval M&O rate. The sum of the following as calculated in Tax Code Section 26.08(n)(1)(A), (B) and (C).	Amount/Rate	Amount (tall)
	Go to Region 13 Education Service Center's Worksheet for State Aid Template for 2019-2020 to determine state compression percentage and the district enrichment tax rate (DTR). state compression percentage.	0%	
25.	A. The rate per \$100 of taxable value that is equal to the 2019 state compression percentage times \$1.00	0.000000	
25.	(i) 2018 M&O	0.000000	
	(I)DTR reduction	0.000000	
	(i) 2018 M&O – (\$1.00 + DTR reduction)	0.000000	
	B. The greater of: (i) 2018 M&O – (\$1.00 + DTR reduction) OR (ii) \$0.04 per \$100 of taxable value	0.00000	
25.	C. Add A and B.		0.00000
. Tay 1	av Coda 8 28 012/6VAVI		

4 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)(A)(I) 5 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)(A)(II)

2019	Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet —School Districts Vater Approval Tax Bete Activity	Ottodene et de	Form 50-859	451,033	
26	Voter Approval Tax Bate Activity Total 2019 debt to be paid with property tax revenue,	Amount/	Rațe	Amou	int/Rate
	Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that:				
1	(1) Are paid by properly taxes,				
	(2) Are secured by property taxes.	-			
	(3) Are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and				
26	(4) Are not classified in the school district's budget as M&O expenses.		~~~		
20.	A. Debt includes contractual payments to other school districts that have incurred debt on behalf of this school district, if	l			
	those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include	1			
	appraisal district budget payments.				
	Enter debt amount: B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt.	\$	245,000.00		
26.	B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt.			1	*****
	ļ., 	\$	1,965,127.00	1111111	
26.	C. Subtract state aid received for paying principal and interest on debt for facilities through			1111111	
	the existing debt allotment program and/or instructional facilities allotment program.	\$	_		
26.	D. Adjust debt: Subtract B and C from A.	Ψ		-	
				s	(1.720.127.0)
27.	Certified 2018 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector.	 	***************************************	10	(1,720,127.00
	and an obtained by the conjector.			١.	
28	Adjusted 2019 debt. Subtract line 27 from line 26D.			\$	
20.	Adjusted 2019 debt. Subtract line 27 from line 25D.				
				\$	(1,720,127.00
29.	Certified 2019 anticipated collection rate. Enter the rate certified by the collector. If the rate is 100 percent or greater, enter		***************************************	+	(1,120,121,00
	100 percent.				400.000
				1	100.0000
30.	2019 debt adjusted for collections, Divide line 28 by line 29.				
	activity and a support of the suppor			1	
				 \$	(1,720,127.00
31.	2019 total taxable value. Enter amount on line 18.		**************************************	1	
				\$	153,958,870
32.	2019 debt tax rate. Divide line 30 by line 31 and multiply by \$100.		*******************************	Ψ	122,736,67
	19.50.				
33	2019 voter-approval tax rate. Add lines 25 and 32,		***************************************	<u></u>	~1 .11720
٠٠.	2019 Total approval tax rate. Add illies 20 alid 52.			1	
					-1,11726
SECT	ON 3: Additional Rollback Protection for Pollution Control				1,11/20

A school district may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The school district's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The school district must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control. This section should only be completed by a school district that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

34	Additional Rollback for Pollution Control Activity Amount/Rate Contified exposes from the Toyon Commission of Fall Control Activity	Antount	/Rate
04.	Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ.c The school district shall provide its tax assessor with a copy of the letter.		
	·	s	_
35.	2019 total taxable value. Enter the amount from line 31 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.		
70	Read the Land Company of the Company	\$	153,958,870
36.	Additional rate for pollution control. Divide line 34 by line 35 and multiply by \$100.		
			0.000000
37.	2019 rollback tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add line 36 and line 33.		
6 Tex. 1	Tax Code § 26.045(d)		-1.117263

SECTION 4: Total Tax Rate Indicate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above. Effective Tax Rate (Line 23; or line 24 for for a school district with Tax Code Chapter 313 limitations) Voter-Approval Tax Rate (Line 33). Rollback tax rate adjusted for pollution control (Line 37). SECTION 5: School District Representative Name and Signature

Enter the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the school board.

Printed Name of School District Representative

School District Representative - Signature

Date: 08/06/2020 11:15 AM

2020 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet School Districts

_J20 Latexo ISD	936-544-9655
School District's Name	Phone (area code and number)
1512-B Loop 304 E, Crockett, TX, 75835	
School District's Address, City, State, ZIP Code	School District's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue tax rate and voter-approval tax rate for the taxing unit.

This worksheet is for school districts only. Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) should use Comptroller Form 50-858 Water District Rollback Tax Rate Worksheet. All other taxing units should use Comptroller Form 50-856 Tax Rate Calculation, Taxing Units Other Than School Districts.

This worksheet is provided to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption

assist	ance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations	of law regarding tax rate pr	eparation and adoption.
Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Activity		Amount/Rate
1.	2019 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2019 taxable value on the 2019 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections made under Tax Code Section 25.25(d) from these adjustments, Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2). ¹		\$180,852,787
2.	2019 tax ceilings. Enter 2019 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. ²		\$26,893,917
٦.	Preliminary 2019 adopted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.		\$153,958,870
, de	2019 total adopted tax rate		\$1.129000
5.	2019 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2019 appraised value.		
	A.Original 2019 ARB values:	\$0	
	B. 2019 values resulting from final court decisions:	SO	
	C. 2019 value loss. Subtract B from A. < sup>3 < / sup>		\$0
6.	2019 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25.		
	A. 2019 ARB certified value	0	
	B. 2019 disputed value:	0	
	C. 2019 undisputed value Subtract B from A. ⁴		C
7.	2019 Chapter 42-related adjusted values. Add Line 5 and 6.		
8.	2019 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Add Line 3 and Line 7		\$153,958,870
9.	2019 taxable value of property in territory the school deannexed after Jan. 1, 2019. Enter the 2019 value of property in deannexed territory. ^{5 < /sup>}		\$0
10.	2019 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2020. If the school district increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport or goods-in-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2020 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value.		
	A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2019 market value:	\$0	
	B. Partial exemptions. 2020 exemption amount or 2020 percentage exemption times 2019 value:	\$216,980	
	C. Value loss. Add A and B. < sup>6 < / sup>		\$216,98
11.	2019 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural		

	appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2020. Use only properties that qualified in 2020 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2019.		
	A. 2019 market value:	\$41,920	
	B. 2020 productivity or special appraised value:	\$1,790	
	C. Value loss, Subtract B from A. ⁷		\$40,130
12.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.		\$257,110
13.	2019 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 12 from Line 8.		\$153,701,760
14.	Adjusted 2019 taxes. Multiply Line 4 by Line 13 and divide by \$100.		\$1,735,292
15.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2019. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the district for tax years preceding tax year 2019. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2019. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2019. ⁸		\$281
16.	Adjusted 2019 levy with refunds Add Lines 14 and 15. < sup>9 < / sup> Note: If the governing body of the school district governs a junior college district in a county with a population of more than two million, subtract the amount of taxes the governing body dedicated to the junior college district in 2019 from the result.		\$1,735,573
17.	Total 2020 taxable value on the 2020 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 19). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. ¹⁰		
	A. Certified values only. ¹	\$203,379,437	
•	B. Pollution control and energy storage exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property:	\$0	
	C. Total value, Subtract B from A.		\$203,379,437
Я.	Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll. ¹²		
	A. 2020 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. < sup>13	\$393,940	
	B. 2020 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives school districts a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties are also not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value not on the roll. ¹⁴	\$0	
	C. Total value under protest or not certified:, Add A and B.		\$393,940
19.	2020 tax ceilings Enter 2020 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. ¹⁵		\$31,246,567
20.	2020 total taxable value. Add Lines 17C and 18C, Subtract Line 19.		\$172,526,810
21.			\$0
22.	Total 2020 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2019. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the school district after Jan. 1, 2019, and be located in		\$1,997,660

	n new improvement.	
23.	Total adjustments to the 2020 taxable value. Add Lines 21 and 22.	\$1,997,660
14.	Adjusted 2020 taxable value. Subtract Line 23 from Line 20.	\$170,529,150
∠ 5 .	2020 NNR tax rate. Divide Line 16 by Line 24 and multiply by \$100.	\$1.017757 /\$100

[1 Tex. Tax Code Section	[2]Tex. Tax Code Section
[3]Tex. Tax Code Section	[4] Tex. Tax Code Section
[5]Tex. Tax Code Section	[6]Tex. Tax Code Section
[7]Tex. Tax Code Section	[8]Tex, Tax Code Section
[9]Tex. Tax Code Section	[10]Tex. Tax Code Section
[11]Tex. Tax Code Section	[12]Tex. Tax Code Section
[13]Tex. Tax Code Section	[14]Tex. Tax Code Section
[15]Tex. Tax Code Section	

Line	Voter Approval Tax Rate Activity		Amount/Rate
26.	2020 maximum compressed tax rate (MCR).TEA will publish compression rates based on district and statewide property value growth. Enter the school district's maximum compressed rate based on guidance from the TEA.[25]		\$.000000
27.	2020 enrichment tax rate (DTR). Enter the greater of A and B.[26]		\$.000000
	A. Enter the District's 2019 DTR, minus any required reduction under Education Code Section 48.202(f)	\$.000000	
	B.Enter \$.05 per \$100 of taxable value, if governing body of school district adopts \$0.05 by unanimous vote. If not adopted by unanimous vote, enter \$0.04 per \$100 [27]	\$.000000	
28.	2020 maintenance and operations (M&O) tax rate (TR). Add Lines 26 and 27. Note: M&O tax rate may not exceed the sum of \$0.17 and the product of the state compression percentage multiplied by \$1.00. [28]		\$.000000
29.	Total 2020 debt to be paid with property tax revenue.		
•	Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on the debts that: (1) Are paid by property taxes; (2) Are secured by property taxes; (3) Are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year; and (4) Are not classified in the school district's budget and M&O expenses.		
	A. Debt includes contractual payments to the other school districts that have incurred debt on behalf of this school district, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget paymetns. Enter debt amount:	245,000	
	B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt.	245,000	
	C. Subtract state aid received for paying principal and insterest on debt for facilities through the existing debt allotment program and/or instructional facilities allotment program.	0	
 _	D. Adjust debt: Subtract B from C and from A.		0
30.	Certified 2019 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector.		0
31.	Adjusted 2020 debt. Subtract line 30 from line 29D.[29]		0
32.	2020 anticipated collection rate. If the anticipated rate in A is lower than actual rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest rate from B, C or D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%.[30]		100.00 %
	A. Enter the 2020 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector. [31]	100.00 %	
	B. Enter the 2019 actual collection rate	115.00 %	
	C. Enter the 2018 actual collection rate	100.00 %	
	D. Enter the 2017 actual collection rate	100.00 %	
33.	2020 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 31 by Line 32. Note: If the governing body of the school district governs a junior college district in a county with a population of more than two million, add the amount of taxes the governing body proposes to dedicate to the junior college district in 2020 to the result.		0
34.	Ti 20 - Cab - No Now		172,526,810
35.	2020 debt rate. Divide Line 33 by Line 34 and multiply by \$100		0.000000
36.	20 126		0,00000,0

STEF	3: Additional Rollback Protection for Pollution Control	
includ wholly permit ICEQ school	ool district may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or methods any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The school district's expension by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The school district of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution district that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of	ce that is used, constructed, acquired or installed uses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a ret must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the n control. This step should only be completed by a
Line	Activity	Amount/Rate
37.	Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ).[6] Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. The school district shall provide its tax assessor collector with a copy of the letter.[7]	\$0
38.	2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 20 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$172.526.810
39.	Additional rate for pollution control. Divide Line 37 by Line 38 and multiply by \$100.	\$.000000
40.	2020 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add line 36 and line 39.	\$.000000
STE	P 4: Total Tax Rate	
Indica	te the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.	
No-	new-revenue tax rate (Line 24	\$1.017757
Vote	er-Approval Tax Rate(Line 40)	\$.000000
STEP	5: School District Representative Name and Signature	
Enter	the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the school board.	
hum	Printed Name of Taxing Unit Representative	

Taxing Unit (Representative

sign here

1085 1.6

8-6-20

2021 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet School Districts without Chapter 313 Agreements LATEXO ISD

School District's Name

Phone (area code and number)

School District's Address, City, State, ZIP Code

School District's Website Address

Date: 08/03/2021 09:10 AM

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue tax rate and voter-approval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate of value and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submit the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable.

This worksheet is for school districts without Chapter 313 agreements only. School districts that have a Chapter 313 agreement should use Comptroller Form 50-884 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School Districts with Chapter 313 Agreements.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form. Use Comptroller Form 50-858 Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts or Comptroller Form 50-860 Developed Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.

All other taxing units should use Comptroller Form 50-856 Tax Rate Calculation, Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts.

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The Texas Education Agency (TEA) provides detailed information on and guidance to school districts in calculating their tax rates. Please review and rely on information provided by TEA when completing this worksheet. Additionally, the information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

SECTION 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of revenue if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years (no new taxes). When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
1. 2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2020 taxable value on the 2020 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections made under Tax Code Section 25.25(d) from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2).	\$203,984,896
2. 2020 tax ceilings. Enter 2020 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled	\$30,993,157
3. Preliminary 2020 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	\$172,991,739
4. 2020 total adopted tax rate .	\$1.125400/\$100
5. 2020 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2020	
appraised value: A. Original 2020 ARB Values:	\$0
B. 2020 values resulting from final court decisions:	\$0
C. 2020 value loss. Subtract B from A.	\$0

r	
6. 2020 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25: A. 2020 ARB certified value:	\$0
B. 2020 disputed value:	\$0
C. 2020 undisputed value. Subtract B from A.	\$ 0
7. 2020 Chapter 42 related adjusted values Add Line 5 and 6.	\$0
8. 2020 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Add Line 3 and Line 7.	\$172,991,739
9. 2020 taxable value of property in territory the school deannexed after Jan. 1, 2020. Enter the 2020 value of property in deannexed territory.	\$0
10. 2020 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2021. If the school district increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport or goods-in-transit, or temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2021 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value.	
A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2020 market value:	\$0
B. Partial exemptions. 2021 exemption amount or 2021 percentage exemption times 2020 value:	\$93,450
C. Value loss. Add A and B.	\$93,450
11. 2020 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2021. Use only properties that qualified in 2021 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2020.	
A. 2020 market value:	\$34,200
B. 2021 productivity or special appraised value:	\$1,650
C. Value loss. Subtract B from A.	\$32,550
12. Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.	\$126,000
13. Adjusted 2020 taxable value. Subtract Line 12 from Line 8.	\$172,865,739
14. Adjusted 2020 total levy. Multiply Line 4 by Line 13 and divide by \$100.	\$1,945,431
15. Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2020. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the district for tax years preceding tax year 2020. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2020. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2020.	S
16. Adjusted 2020 levy with refunds. Add Lines 14 and 15. Note: If the governing body of the school district governs a junior college district in a county	\$1,945,433

ith a population of more than two million, subtract the amount of taxes the governing body edicated to the junior college district in 2020 from the result.	
7. Total 2021 taxable value on the 2021 certified appraisal roll today. This value of local certified values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 19). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or isabled.	·
. Certified values only: ³	\$211,383,867
S. Pollution control and energy storage exemption: Deduct the value of property xempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage	\$-253,600
ystem property:	\$211,130,267
C. Total 2021 value. Subtract B from A.	
8. Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll.	
A. 2021 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the axpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest.	\$0
B. 2021 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives school districts a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about, but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties are also not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value not on the roll.	\$(
	\$
C. Total value under protest or not certified: Add A and B.	
19. 2021 tax ceilings Enter 2021 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. ⁴	\$33,349,48
20. 2021 total taxable value. Add Lines 17C and 18C. Subtract Line 19.	\$177,780,78
21. Total 2021 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2020. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2021 value of property in territory annexed by the school district.	\$
22. Total 2021 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2020. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the school district after Jan. 1, 2020, and be located in a new improvement.	\$2,260,7
23. Total adjustments to the 2021 taxable value. Add Lines 21 and 22.	\$2,260,7

24. Adjusted 2021 taxable value. Subtract Line 23 from Line 20.	\$175,520,060
25. 2021 NNR tax rate. Divide Line 16 by Line 24 and multiply by \$100.	\$1.108381/\$100

¹Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(14)

²Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(6)

³Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(6)

⁴Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(6)(A)(i)

⁵Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(6)(A)(ii)

SECTION 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. Most school districts calculate a voter-approval tax rate that is split into three separate rates.

- Maximum Compressed Tax Rate (MCR): A district's maximum compressed tax rate is defined as the tax rate for the current tax
 year per \$100 of valuation of taxable property at which the district must levy a maintenance and operations tax to receive the full
 amount of the tier one allotment.
- Enrichment Tax Rate (DTR): A district's enrichment tax rate is defined as any tax effort in excess of the district's MCR and less
 than \$0.17. The enrichment tax rate is divided into golden pennies and copper pennies. School districts can claim up to 8 golden
 pennies, not subject to compression, and 9 copper pennies which are subject to compression with any increases in the guaranteed
 yield.
- Debt Rate: The debt tax rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the school district's debt payments in the coming year.
 This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The MCR and DTR added together make up the school district's maintenance and operations (M&O) tax rate. Districts cannot increase the district's M&O tax rate to create a surplus in M&O tax revenue for the purpose of paying the district's debt service.

If a school district adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election to respond to a disaster in the prior year, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(e), the school district may not consider the amount by which it exceeded its voter-approval tax rate (disaster pennies) in the calculation this year. This adjustment will be made in Section 4 of this worksheet.

A district must complete an efficiency audit before seeking voter approval to adopt a M&O tax rate higher than the calculated M&O tax rate, hold an open meeting to discuss the results of the audit, and post the results of the audit on the district's website 30 days prior to the election. Additionally, a school district located in an area declared a disaster by the governor may adopt a M&O tax rate higher than the calculated M&O tax rate during the two-year period following the date of the declaration without conducting an efficiency audit.

Districts should review information from TEA when calculating their voter-approval rate.

Districts should review information from TEA when calculating their voter-approval rate. Amount/Rate		
Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	AmountAnc	
26. 2021 maximum compressed tax rate (MCR). TEA will publish compression rates based on district and statewide property value growth. Enter the school districts' maximum compressed rate based on guidance from TEA	\$0.913400/\$100	
27. 2021 enrichment tax rate (DTR). Enter the greater of A and B. A. Enter the district's 2020 DTR, minus any required reduction under Education Code Section 48.202(f)	\$0.050000	
B. \$0.05 per \$100 of taxable value.	\$0.05000	
28. 2021 maintenance and operations (M&O) tax rate (TR). Add Lines 26 and 27. Note: M&O tax rate may not exceed the sum of \$0.17 and the product of the state compression percentage multiplied by \$1.00.	\$0,963400/\$100	
29. Total 2021 debt to be paid with property tax revenue. Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that: (1) Are paid by property taxes; (2) Are secured by property taxes; (3) Are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year; and (4) Are not classified in the school district's budget as M&O expenses.		
A. Debt includes contractual payments to other school districts that have incurred debt on behalf of this school district, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budge payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond, warrant, certificate of obligation, or other evidence of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2021 verify if it meets the amended definition of debt before including it here:	[

Enter debt amount:	\$282,672
B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt.	\$0
C. Subtract state aid received for paying principal and interest on debt for facilities through the existing debt allotment program and/or instructional facilities allotment program.	\$0
D. Adjust debt: Subtract B and C from A.	\$282,672
30. Certified 2020 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector.	\$0
31. Adjusted 2021 debt. Subtract line 30 from line 29D.	\$282,672
32. 2021 anticipated collection rate. If the anticipated rate in A is lower than actual rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%	100.00%
A. Enter the 2021 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector:	100.00%
B. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate	101.00%
C. Enter the 2019 actual collection rate	115.00%
D. Enter the 2018 actual collection rate	100.00%
33. 2021 debt adjusted for collections. Divide line 31 by line 32. Note: If the governing body of the school district governs a junior college district in a county with a population of more than two million, add the amount of taxesthe governing body proposes to dedicate to the junior college district in 2021 to the result.	\$282,672
34. 2021 total taxable value. Enter amount on line 20 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$177,780,780
35. 2021 debt tax rate. Divide line 33 by line 34 and multiply by \$100.	\$0.159000/\$100
36. 2021 voter-approval tax rate. Adds lines 28 and 35. If the school district received distributions from an equalization tax imposed under former Chapter 18, Education Code, add the NNR tax rate as of the date of the county unit system's abolition to the sum of Lines 28 and 35.	\$1,122400/\$100

SECTION 3: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control

A school district may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The school district's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The school district must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a school district that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

air, water or land polition.	
Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Requirements Worksheet	Amount/Rate
37. Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. The school district shall provide its tax assessor with a copy of the letter. ³⁴	\$0
38. 2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount from line 20 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$177,780,780
39. Additional rate for pollution control. Divide line 37 by line 38 and multiply by \$100.	\$0/\$100
40. 2021 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add line 36 and line 39.	\$1.122400/\$100

SECTION 4: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment in Year Following Disaster

If a school district adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election to respond to a disaster in the prior year, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(e), the school district may not consider the amount by which it exceeded its voterapproval tax rate in the calculation this year. 35 As such, it must reduce its voter-approval tax rate for the current tax year.

NOTE: This section will not apply to any taxing units in 2021. It is added to implement Senate Bill 1438 (87th Regular Session) and does not apply to a school district that adopted a tax rate without the required election in 2020, as provided for in the recently repealed Tax Code Section 26.08(a-1).

In future tax years, this section will apply to school district in a disaster area that adopts a tax rate greater than its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election in the prior year, as provided for by Tax Code Section 26.042(e).

without noiding an election in the prior year, as pro-	Amount/Rate
Prior Year Disaster Adjustment Worksheet	
41. 2020 adopted tax rate. Enter the rate in Line 4 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	N/A
42. 2020 voter-approval tax rate. If the school district adopted a tax rate above the 2020 voter-approval tax rate without holding an election due to a disaster, enter the voter-approval tax rate from the prior year's worksheet.	N/A
43. Increase in 2020 tax rate due to disaster (disaster pennies). Subtract Line 42 from Line 41.	N/A
44. 2021 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for prior year disaster. Subtract Line 43 from one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 36 or Line 40 (school districts with pollution control).	N/A

SECTION 5: Total Tax Rate

Indicate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.

No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

Enter the 2021 NNR tax rate from Line 25.

Voter-Approval Tax Rate

As applicable, enter the 2021 voter-approval tax rate from Line 36, Line 40 or Line 44.

\$1.122400

\$1,108381

Indicate the line number used: 36

SECTION 6: School District Representative Name and Signature

Enter the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the school district. By signing below, you certify that you are the designated officer or employee of the school district and have calculated the tax rates in accordance with requirements in Tax Code and Education Code.35

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Printed Name of School District Representative

sign here __' School District Representative 8-3-21

Form 50-859

2022 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet

School Districts without Chapter 313 Agreements

LATEXO ISD	(936) 544-5664
School District's Name	Phone (area code and number)
PO Box 975 Latexo, TX 75849	www.latexoisd.net
School District's Address, City, State, ZIP Code	School District's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue tax rate and voterapproval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate of value and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submit the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable. Tax Code Section 26.04(e-1) does not require school districts to certify the tax rate calculations.

This worksheet is for school districts without Chapter 313 agreements only. School districts that have a Chapter 313 agreement should use Comptroller Form 50-884 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School Districts with Chapter 313 Agreements.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form. Use Comptroller Form 50-858 Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts or Comptroller Form 50-860 Developed Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.

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The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The Texas Education Agency (TEA) provides detailed information on and guidance to school districts in calculating their tax rates. Please review and rely on information provided by TEA when completing this worksheet. Additionally, the information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

SECTION 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of revenue if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years (no new taxes). When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
1.	2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2021 taxable value on the 2021 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections made under Tax Code Section 25.25(d) from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2).	\$210,890,027
2.	2021 tax ceilings. Enter 2021 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled ²	\$33,479,897
3.	Preliminary 2021 adjusted taxable value, Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	\$ 177,410,130
4.	2021 total adopted tax rate.	\$ <u>1.1224</u> /\$100
5.	2021 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2021 appraised value. A. Original 2021 ARB values: \$ 0 B. 2021 values resulting from final court decisions: -\$ 0 C. 2021 value loss. Subtract B from A. 3	\$ O
6,	2021 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25. A. 2021 ARB certified value:	s 0
7.	2021 Chapter 42-related adjusted values. Add Line 5 and 6.	una anticio dell'indicenti internetti con estratori di controlo di
8.	2021 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Add Line 3 and Line 7.	\$ 177,410,130
9.	2021 taxable value of property in territory the school deannexed after Jan. 1, 2021 Enter the 2021 value of property in deannexed territory. 5	\$

Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14

² Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14)

³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)
 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
10.	2021 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2022 If the school district increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport goods-in-transit, or temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2022 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value.	
	A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2021 market value: \$ 1,500	
	B. Partial exemptions. 2022 exemption amount or 2022 percentage exemption times 2021 value: + \$ 8,884,710	
	C. Value loss. Add A and B. 6	\$ 8,886,210
11.	2021 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2022. Use only properties that qualified in 2022 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2021.	
	A. 2021 market value	
	B. 2022 productivity or special appraised value:	
	C. Value loss. Subtract B from A. 7	\$
12.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.	\$ 8,927,310
13.	Adjusted 2021 taxable value. Subtract Line 12 from Line 8.	\$ 168,482,820
14.	Adjusted 2021 total levy. Multiply Line 4 by Line 13 and divide by \$100.	\$ 1,891,051
16.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2021. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the district for tax years preceding tax year 2021. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2021. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2021. * Adjusted 2021 levy with refunds. Add Line 14 and Line 15.9	\$498
	Note: If the governing body of the school district governs a junior college district in a county with a population of more than two million, subtract the amount of taxes the governing body dedicated to the junior college district in 2021 from the result.	\$ 1,891,549
17.	Total 2022 taxable value on the 2022 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in line 19). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. 10 A. Certified values. 11 5 241,190,227	
	B. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property:	
	C. Total 2022 value. Subtract 8 from A.	\$241,190,227
18.	Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll. 12	(entremonic) en 1994 (est 1994) deple a actività de la compansió en en equipa en manera en equipar a activa e e em
gadijunorijaje is projektorije Geodinajie e obiologija	A. 2022 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. 13	
	B. 2022 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives school districts a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties are also not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year, Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value not on the roll. 14	
	C. Total value under protest or not certified. Add A and B.	\$ 569,100
19.	2022 tax ceilings. Enter 2022 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, 15	00.00
	x Code \$ 36.012/15	\$ 30,897,377

Fig. Tax Code § 26.012(15)

Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)

Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

Tex. Tax Code § 26.012, 26.04(c-2)

Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)

Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(c) and (d)

Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(c)

Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(d)

Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(d)

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
20.	2022 total taxable value. Add Lines 17C and 18C, Subtract Line 19.	\$ 210,861,950
21,	Total 2022 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2021. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2022 value of property in territory annexed by the school district.	\$
22.	Total 2022 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2021. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the school district after Jan. 1, 2021, and be located in a new improvement.	\$3,032,460
23.	Total adjustments to the 2022 taxable value. Add lines 21 and 22.	\$ 3,032,460
24.	Adjusted 2022 taxable value. Subtract line 23 from line 20.	\$ 207,829,490
25.	2022 NNR tax rate. Divide line 16 by line 24 and multiply by \$100.	\$0.9101/\$100

SECTION 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. Most school districts calculate a voter-approval tax rate that is split into three separate rates. !

- 1. Maximum Compressed Tax Rate (MCR): A district's maximum compressed tax rate is defined as the tax rate for the current tax year per \$100 of valuation of taxable property at which the district must levy a maintenance and operations tax to receive the full amount of the tier one allotment. 19
- 2. Enrichment Tax Rate: 20 A district's enrichment tax rate is defined as any tax effort in excess of the district's MCR and less than \$0.17. The enrichment tax rate is divided into golden pennies and copper pennies. School districts can claim up to 8 golden pennies, not subject to compression, and 9 copper pennies which are subject to compression with any increases in the guaranteed yield. 21
- 3. Debt Rate: The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the school district's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The MCR and Enrichment Tax Rate added together make up the school district's maintenance and operations (M&O) tax rate. Districts cannot increase the district's M&O tax rate to create a surplus in M&O tax revenue for the purpose of paying the district's debt service. 22

If a school district adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election to respond to a disaster in the prior year, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(e), the school district may not consider the amount by which it exceeded its voter-approval tax rate (disaster pennies) in the calculation this year. This adjustment will be made In Section 4 of this worksheet.

A district must complete an efficiency audit before seeking voter approval to adopt a M&O tax rate higher than the calculated M&O tax rate, hold an open meeting to discuss the results of the audit, and post the results of the audit on the district's website 30 days prior to the election. 23 Additionally, a school district located in an area declared a disaster by the governor may adopt a M&O tax rate higher than the calculated M&O tax rate during the two-year period following the date of the declaration without conducting an efficiency audit. 24

Districts should review information from TEA when calculating their voter-approval tax rate,

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
26.	2022 maximum compressed tax rate (MCR). TEA will publish compression rates based on district and statewide property value growth. Enter the school districts' maximum compressed rate based on guidance from TEA. ²⁵	\$ 0.8118/\$100
27.	2022 enrichment tax rate. Enter the greater of A and B. ²⁶	\$0.0500 _{/\$100}
	A. Enter the district's 2021 enrichment tax rate, minus any required reduction under Education Code Section 48.202(f) \$ /\$100 B. \$0.05 per \$100 of taxable value \$ /\$100	
28.	2022 maintenance and operations (M&O) tax rate. Add Lines 26 and 27.	\$ 0.8618/\$100
	Note: M&O tax rate may not exceed the sum of \$0.17 and the district's maximum compressed rate. ²⁷	

^{16 [}Reserved for expansion]

[[]Reserved for expansion]

Tex. Tax Code 526.08(n)

¹⁹ Tex. Edu. Code §48,2551(a)(3) ²⁰ Tex. Tax Code §26.08(j) and Tex. Edu. Code §45.0032

²¹ Tex. Edu. Code §§48.202(a-1)(2) and 48.202(f)

Tex. Edu. Code §45.0021(a)

²³ Tex. Edu. Code §11,184(b)

²⁴ Tex, Edu. Code §11,184(b-1)

Tex, Edu. Code §§48.255, 48.2551(b)(1) and (b)(2)

Tex. Tax Code §26.08(n)(2)

[&]quot; Tex. Edu. Code §45,003(e)

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
29.	Total 2022 debt to be paid with property tax revenue.	
	Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that:	
	(1) Are paid by property taxes;	
	(2) Are secured by property taxes;	
	(3) Are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year; and	
	(4) Are not classified in the school district's budget as M&O expenses,	
dermone	A. Debt includes contractual payments to other school districts that have incurred debt on behalf of this school district, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond, warrant, certificate of obligation, or other evidence of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2021, verify if it meets the amended definition of debt before including it here.	
	Enter debt amount:	
-	B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt	
kadilmeni ama deseren makeriko asr	C. Subtract state aid received for paying principal and interest on debt for facilities through the existing debt allotment program and/or instructional facilities allotment program – \$ 0	
	D. Adjust debt: Subtract B and C from A.	\$ 337,000
30.	Certified 2021 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector. 29	g. 0
 		
31.	Adjusted 2022 debt. Subtract line 30 from line 29D.	\$ 337,000
32.	2022 anticipated collection rate. If the anticipated rate in A is lower than actual rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. 30	
	A. Enter the 2022 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector, 31 100.00 %	
	B. Enter the 2021 actual collection rate 100.77 %	
	C. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate 102.16 %	
	D. Enter the 2019 actual collection rate 100.27 %	100.27 %
33.	2022 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 31 by Line 32.	
	Note: If the governing body of the school district governs a junior college district in a county with a population of more than two million, add the amount of	
	taxes the governing body proposes to dedicate to the Junior college district in 2022 to the result,	\$ 336,092
34.	2022 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 20 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 210,861,950
35.	2022 debt rate. Divide Line 33 by Line 34 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.1593 /\$100
36.	2022 voter-approval tax rate. Add Lines 28 and 35,	\$ 1.0211 /\$100
	If the school district received distributions from an equalization tax imposed under former Chapter 18, Education Code, add the NNR tax rate as of the date of the county unit system's abolition to the sum of Lines 28 and 35. 32	

SECTION 3: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control

A school district may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The school district's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The school district must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a school district that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

-	Line	Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Requirements Worksheet	Amount/Rate
	37.	Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination letter	
		from TCEQ, ³³ The school district shall provide its tax assessor with a copy of the letter. ²⁴	\$0

²⁸ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(7)

²⁹ Tex. Tax Code §§26.012(10) and 26.04(b)

Tex. Tax Code §§26.04(h), (h-1) and (h-2)
 Tex. Tax Code §26.04(b)

³² Tex. Tax Code \$26,08(g)

³³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(d)

¹⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(i)

Line	Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Requirements Worksheet	Amount/Rate
38.	2022 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 20 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 210,861,950
39.	Additional rate for pollution control. Divide line 37 by line 38 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.0000 /\$100
40.	2022 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add line 36 and line 39.	\$ 1.0211 /\$100

SECTION 4: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment in Year Following Disaster

If a school district adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election to respond to a disaster in the prior year, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(e), the school district may not consider the amount by which it exceeded its voter-approval tax rate in the calculation this year. 35 As such, it must reduce its voterapproval tax rate for the current tax year.

This section applies to a school district in a disaster area that adopts a tax rate greater than its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election in the prior year, as provided for by Tax Code Section 26.042(e).

	Prior teat Disaster Adjustment Worksneet	
41.	2021 adopted tax rate. Enter the rate in Line 4 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 1.1224/\$100
42.	2021 voter-approval tax rate. If the school district adopted a tax rate above the 2021 voter-approval tax rate without holding an election due to a disaster, enter the voter-approval tax rate from the prior year's worksheet.	\$
43.	Increase in 2021 tax rate due to disaster (disaster pennies). Subtract Line 42 from Line 41.	\$ 0.0000/\$100
44.	2022 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for prior year disaster. Subtract Line 43 from one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 36 or Line 40 (school districts with pollution control).	\$ 1.0211/\$100
SEC	TION 5: Total Tax Rate	
Indica	te the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.	
	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate	\$/\$100
	Inter the 2022 NNR tax rate from Line 25. /oter-Approval Tax Rate	\$ 1.0211 /\$100
	As applicable, enter the 2022 voter-approval tax rate from Line 36, Line 40 or Line 44. Indicate the line number used:	🐧 Augus () signis delemante representation production securities 🧳 1 VVV
SEC	TION 6: School District Representative Name and Signature	
	the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the school district. By signing below, you certify that you are syee of the school district and have calculated the tax rates in accordance with requirements in Tax Code and Education Code. ³⁶	the designated officer or
prir her	Printed Name of School District Representative	
sig: her		

Tex, Tax Code \$26.042(f) and Tex, Edu. Code § 45.0032(d)
 Tex, Tax Code \$26.04(c)

2023 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet

Form 50-859

School Districts without Chapter 313 Agreements

LATEXO ISD School District's Name	(936) 544-5664 Phone (area code and number)
PO Box 975 Latexo, TX 75849 School District's Address, City, State, ZIP Code	www.latexoisd.net School District's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue tax rate and voterapproval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate of value and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submit the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable. Tax Code Section 26.04(e-1) does not require school districts to certify the tax rate calculations.

This worksheet is for school districts without Chapter 313 agreements only. School districts that have a Chapter 313 agreement should use Comptroller Form 50-884 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School Districts with Chapter 313 Agreements.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form. Use Comptroller Form 50-858 Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts or Comptroller Form 50-860 Developed Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet,

All other taxing units should use Comptroller Form 50-856 Tax Rate Calculation, Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts.

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The Texas Education Agency (TEA) provides detailed information on and guidance to school districts in calculating their tax rates. Please review and rely on information provided by TEA when completing this worksheet. Additionally, the information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

SECTION 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of revenue if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years (no new taxes). When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

	No New RevenueTogRate Workhead To the Commission of the Commission	
1.	2022 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2022 taxable value on the 2022 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude any adjustments of a corrections made under Tax Code Section 25.25(d) from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2). 1	§ 210,292,850
2.	2022 tax ceilings. Enter 2022 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled ²	s0
3.	Preliminary 2022 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	\$ 210,292,850
4.	2022 total adopted tax rate.	\$ 1.0208 /\$100
5.	2022 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2022 appraised value. A. Original 2022 ARB values: 5 0 B. 2022 values resulting from final court decisions: -\$ 0 C. 2022 value loss. Subtract B from A. 3	\$0
6.	2022 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25. A. 2022 ARB certified value:	so
7.	2022 Chapter 42-related adjusted values. Add Line 5 and 6.	S
8,	2022 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Add Line 3 and Line 7.	\$ 210,292,850
9.	2022 taxable value of property in territory the school deannexed after Jan. 1, 2022 Enter the 2022 value of property in deannexed territory. 5	s0

Tex. Tax Code 5 26.012(14

Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14)

¹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)
 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)

	No flew Revenue tax state Worksheet	an Amount Received
10.	2022 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2023 If the school district increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport goods-in-transit, or temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2023 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value.	
	A. Absolute exemptions, Use 2022 market value:	:
	B. Partial exemptions. 2023 exemption amount or 2023 percentage exemption times 2022 value:	
	C. Value loss. Add A and B. 6	909,620
11.	scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2023. Use only properties that qualified in 2022 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2022.	
	A. 2022 market value	
	B. 2023 productivity or special appraised value: \$ 2,150	
	C. Value loss, Subtract B from A. ?	\$ 177,150
12.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.	\$ 1,086,770
13.		\$ 209,206,080
14.	Adjusted 2022 total levy. Multiply Line 4 by Line 13 and divide by \$100.	\$ 2,135,575
15.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2022. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the district for tax years preceding tax year 2022. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2022. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2022. *	\$ 112
16.	Adjusted 2022 levy with refunds. Add Line 14 and Line 15. ⁹	
	Note: If the governing body of the school district governs a junior college district in a county with a population of more than two million, subtract the amount of taxes the governing body dedicated to the junior college district in 2022 from the result.	\$ 2,135,687
17.	Total 2023 taxable value on the 2023 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in line 19). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. A. Certified values. S. 253,906,227 B. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property: -\$ 0	
	C. Total 2023 value. Subtract B from A.	\$ 253,906,227
18.	Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll. 12 A. 2023 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. 13	
	B. 2023 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives school districts a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties are also not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value not on the roll. 14	
	C. Total value under protest or not certified. Add A and B.	\$ CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH
19.	2023 tax cellings. Enter 2023 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. 15	ş 20,538,767
Tex.Tox.Tox.Tox.Tox.Tox.Tox.Tox.Tox.Tox.To	ax Code § 26.012(15) ax Code § 26.012(15) ax Code § 26.012(13) ax Code § 26.012(13) ax Code § 26.012(13) ax Code § 26.012(13) ax Code § 26.012 (26.012) ax Code § 26.012(26) ax Code § 26.012(6) ax Code § 26.01(2) ax Code § 26.01(3)	

	Line No-New-Revenue Tax Râte Worksheet Amount/Rate			
20.	2023 total taxable value. Add Lines 17C and 18C. Subtract Line 19.	\$	233,367,460	
21.	Total 2023 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2023. include both real and personal property. Enter the 2023 value of property in territory annexed by the school district.	\$. 0	
22.	Total 2023 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2022. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the school district after Jan. 1, 2022, and be located in a new improvement.	5	4,262,220	
23.	Total adjustments to the 2023 taxable value. Add lines 21 and 22.	\$	4,262,220	
24.	Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Subtract line 23 from line 20.	\$	229,105,240	
25,	2023 NNR tax rate. Divide line 16 by line 24 and multiply by \$100.	\$	0.9321/\$100	

SECTION 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. Most school districts calculate a voter-approval tax rate that is split into three separate rates. 18

- Maximum Compressed Tax Rate (MCR): A district's maximum compressed tax rate is defined as the tax rate for the current tax year per \$100 of valuation of taxable property at which the district must levy a maintenance and operations tax to receive the full amount of the tier one allotment. 19
- Enrichment Tax Rate: 20 A district's enrichment tax rate is defined as any tax effort in excess of the district's MCR and less than \$0.17. The enrichment tax rate is divided into golden pennies and copper pennies. School districts can claim up to 8 golden pennies, not subject to compression, and 9 copper pennies which are subject to compression with any increases in the guaranteed yield. 21
- Debt Rate: The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the school district's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The MCR and Enrichment Tax Rate added together make up the school district's maintenance and operations (M&O) tax rate, Districts cannot increase the district's M&O tax rate to create a surplus in M&O tax revenue for the purpose of paying the district's debt service. 22

If a school district adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election to respond to a disaster in the prior year, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(e), the school district may not consider the amount by which it exceeded its voter-approval tax rate (disaster pennies) in the calculation this year. This adjustment will be made in Section 4 of this worksheet.

A district must complete an efficiency audit before seeking voter approval to adopt a M&O tax rate higher than the calculated M&O tax rate, hold an open meeting to discuss the results of the audit, and post the results of the audit on the district's website 30 days prior to the election. 23 Additionally, a school district located in an area declared a disaster by the governor may adopt a M&O tax rate higher than the calculated M&O tax rate during the two-year period following the date of the declaration without conducting an efficiency audit. 24

Districts should review information from TEA when calculating their voter-approval tax rate.

Tigs - Voter-Approval for talk Worldier - Amount/Hate			
26.	2023 maximum compressed tax rate (MCR). TEA will publish compression rates based on district and statewide property value growth. Enter the school districts' maximum compressed rate based on guidance from TEA. 25	s 0.6192 _{/\$100}	
27,	2023 enrichment tax rate. Enter the greater of A and B. ²⁶	\$ 0.0500/\$100	
	A. Enter the district's 2022 enrichment tax rate, minus any required reduction under Education Code Section 48.202(f)		
	B. \$0,05 per \$100 of taxable value		
28.	2023 maintenance and operations (M&O) tax rate. Add Lines 26 and 27.	\$ 0.6692/\$100	
	Note: M&O tax rate may not exceed the sum of \$0.17 and the district's maximum compressed rate. 27		

[&]quot; [Reserved for expansion]

[[]Reserved for expansion]

Tex. Tax Code §26.08(n)

Tex. Edu. Code §48.2551(a)(3)

²⁶ Tex. Tax Code §26.08(j) and Tex. Edu, Code §45.0032

Tex. Edu. Code 5548.202(a-1)(2) and 48.202(f)

²⁷ Tex, Edu, Code §45.0021(a)

²⁴ Tex. Edu. Code §11.184(b) 2* Tex. Edu. Code §11.184(b-1)

²⁵ Tex. Edu. Code §§48.255, 48.2551(b)(1) and (b)(2)

^{*} Tex. Tax Code §26.08(n)(2)

^{**} Tex Edu Code 545.003(e)

	Voren-Approval fibrifiate Worksheet			
29.	Total 2023 debt to be paid with property tax revenue.	-		
	Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that:			
	(1) Are paid by property taxes;			
•	(2) Are secured by property taxes;			
	(3) Are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year; and			
	(4) Are not classified in the school district's budget as M&O expenses.			
	A. Debt includes contractual payments to other school districts that have incurred debt on behalf of this school district, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond, warrant, certificate of obligation, or other evidence of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2022, verify if it meets the amended definition of debt before including it here.			
	Enter debt amount; \$ 375,000			
	B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt			
	B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt			
	C. Subtract state aid received for paying principal and interest on debt for facilities through the existing debt allotment program and/or instructional facilities allotment program \$ 0	,		
	D. Adjust debt: Subtract B and C from A.	\$ 375,000		
	# 1986 of the control	The state of the s		
30.	Certified 2022 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector. 29	\$ 0		
31,	Adjusted 2023 debt. Subtract line 30 from line 29D.	\$ 375,000		
32.	2. 2023 anticipated collection rate. If the anticipated rate in A is lower than actual rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. 30			
	A. Enter the 2023 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector. 31 100.00 %			
	B. Enter the 2022 actual collection rate 101.84 %			
	C. Enter the 2021 actual collection rate 100.76 %	-		
	D. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate 102.16 %	100.76 %		
33.	2023 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 31 by Line 32.			
	Note: If the governing body of the school district governs a junior college district in a county with a population of more than two million, add the amount of taxes the governing body proposes to dedicate to the junior college district in 2022 to the result.	\$ 372,171		
34.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 20 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 233,367,460		
35.	2023 debt rate. Divide Line 33 by Line 34 and multiply by \$100.	s 0.1594 /s100		
36.	2023 voter-approval tax rate. Add Lines 28 and 35.	\$ 0.8286 /\$100		
	If the school district received distributions from an equalization tax imposed under former Chapter 18, Education Code, add the NNR tax rate as of the date of the county unit system's abolition to the sum of Lines 28 and 35. ³²			
	TION 3: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control			

A school district may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The school district's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The school district must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a school district that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

	Worker/Approval Hare Adjustment For Poliution Control Fequirements Workettest	
37.	Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. 33 The school district shall provide its tax assessor with a copy of the letter. 34	\$ 0

²⁸ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(7)

⁷⁸ Tex. Tax Code \$526.012(10) and 26.04(b)
70 Tex. Tax Code \$526.04(h), (h-1) and (h-2)
71 Tex. Tax Code \$26.04(b)

¹² Tex. Tax Code §26.08(g)

^{**} Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(d) ** Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(i)

Une Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Requirements Worksheet Amount/Rate			
38.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 20 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 233,367,460	
39.	Additional rate for pollution control. Divide line 37 by line 38 and multiply by \$100.	\$ <u>0.0000</u> /\$100	
40.	20223 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add line 36 and line 39.	\$ <u>0.8286</u> /\$100	

SECTION 4: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment in Year Following Disaster

If a school district adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election to respond to a disaster in the prior year, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(e), the school district may not consider the amount by which it exceeded its voter-approval tax rate in the calculation this year. As such, it must reduce its voter-approval tax rate for the current tax year.

This section applies to a school district in a disaster area that adopts a tax rate greater than its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election in the prior year, as provided for by Tax Code Section 26.042(e).

Unit Prior Sear Disaster Adjustment Worksheet Asirount/Rate			
41.	2022 adopted tax rate. Enter the rate in Line 4 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 1.0208 \$ 100	
42.	2022 voter-approval tax rate. If the school district adopted a tax rate above the 2021 voter-approval tax rate without holding an election due to a disaster, enter the voter-approval tax rate from the prior year's worksheet.	\$ 0.0000/\$100	
43.	Increase in 2022 tax rate due to disaster (disaster pennies). Subtract Line 42 from Line 41.	s 0.0000/s100	
44.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for prior year disaster. Subtract Line 43 from one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 36 or Line 40 (school districts with pollution control).	s0.8286y\$100	

SECTION 5: Total Tax Rate			
Indicate the applicable total tax rates as calculated ab	ove.		
No-New-Revenue Tax Rate		 ,	, \$ 0.9321/\$100
Voter-Approval Tax RateAs applicable, enter the 2023 voter-approval tax			. \$ 0.8286 /\$100

SECTION 6: School District Representative Name and Signature

Enter the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the school district. By signing below, you certify that you are the designated officer or employee of the school district and have calculated the tax rates in accordance with requirements in Tax Code and Education Code. ³⁶

print here	_ Care	2.5
	Deintard Names of Cale	

Printed Name of School District Representative

sign here

School District Representative

8-8-23

[&]quot; Tex. Tax Code §26.042(f) and Tex. Edu. Code § 45.0032(d)

¹⁹ Tex, Tax Code §26.04(c)